THE DAILY UNION BANNER.

VOL. I. SALISBURY, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1865. NO. 54

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

Our paper will be published daily at the following rates in Federal currency:

Daily: 1 year,	$10 00
" 6 months,	5 00
" 1 month,	1 00
Weekly, 1 year,	$3 00
" 6 months,	2 00
" 1 month,	50

Cash in advance.

Rates of Advertising.

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)

Ten lines or less, small type, or one inch space, to constitute a square.

1 Square,	1 day,		$ 1 00
1 "	1 week,		3 50
1 "	2 "		5 00
1 "	3 "		8 00
1 "	1 month,		10 00
1 "	2 "		15 00
1 "	3 "		20 00

To Advertisers in Detail.

THE RATES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

Quarter Column	1	month,	$20 00
" "	2	"	30 00
" "	3	"	40 00
Half Column	1	"	30 00
" "	2	"	42 00
" "	3	"	50 00
One Column	1	"	50 00
" "	2	"	75 00
" "	3	"	100 00

Special Notices will be charged by the square one dollar for each insertion, for one week; and seventy-five cents for each insertion, for 1 month.

No advertisement inserted unless paid for in advance.

The name of no subscriber entered on our books unless paid for in advance.

No one is authorized to receive and receipt for money for subscription or other work done at this office, except the Publisher and the Proprietor.

☞ All letters concerning business of the office must be addressed to

J. J. STEWART,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

P. R. CRAWFORD, OF N. C. J. B. LAURENS, OF VA.

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!

AND

MORE COMING!

AT

At R. & A. Murphy's Old Stand.

CRAWFORD & LAURENS

HAVE this day associated themselves together, for the purpose of conducting an

AUCTION, COMMISSION,

AND A GENERAL

Merchandising Business,

in all its branches.

Will sell at Auction at our Store all species of property; will also attend the sale of

REAL ESTATE, STOCKS,

CROPS, &C., &C.,

in any part of this country; will receive and

SELL ON COMMISSION

any and all articles, and promise to make prompt returns for all sales: will

BARTER GOODS

FOR

PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS,

We will try to keep such

GOODS

as will suit the times, will buy often, and give our friends the benefit of any decline in prices. We will also buy for any who will favor us with their orders, and will make such advances on produce as the times will admit of or as we may be able.

We solicit a call from all, and hope to be able to please, as well as profit you.

CRAWFORD & LAURENS.

Salisbury, N. C. June 15, 1865.

JOB PRINTING,

COURT BLANKS,

&c., &., &c.,

The undersigned has the pleasure to inform his old friends and the public, that he has very nearly completed his repairs to the

JOB DEPARTMENT

OF HIS

PRINTING OFFICE

and is ready to execute all orders with which he may be favored.

PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS,

HANDBILLS, LABELS,

TICKETS, COURT BLANKS,

and all other kinds of Blanks and

JOB PRINTING,

will be done in the usual good style of the work entrusted to him.

J. J. BRUNER.

June 15th, 1865.

DRY GOODS.

Having received a large lot of Goods direct from New York, we are determined to sell them, and are offering them in the

FIRST ROOM IN THE BRICK HOUSE

FROM

JENKINS' CORNER,

at the following rates:

Calico,	30 cents per yard,
Wool Hats,	$1,00, each,
Fur Hats,	2,00 "
Palm Leaf Hats,	40 "
Java Coffee,	40 cents per pound,
Mason's Blacking,	5 cents a box,
Paper Collars,	35 " "
Sardines,	50 " "
Plates,	50 " set,
Knives and Forks,	100 " "

We also have a full assortment of Crockery Ware, Teapots, Sugar-Bowls, Cups and Saucers, Bowls, &c., &c. Also, Pocket Knives, Butcher Knives, Boots & Shoes, Pins, Writing Paper, Envelopes, Soda, Indigo, Madder, Scotch Snuff, Hoop Skirts, White and Colored Thread, Needles, Thimbles, Mustard, Pepper, Alspice, Toilet Soap, Combs, Buttons, &c., &c., all cheap for cash. North Carolina money taken at 5 for 1. 25 per cent allowed on all sums of gold or silver over one dollar.

Ready-Made Clothing,

Window-Glass, Tumblers, White Lead, Havana Cigars, Suspenders, Ladies' Hose, White Lead, Women Shoes, Iron, (bar and moulds,) Rice, Tobacco, Bunch Cotton, Brown Domestic, &c., &c.

Call at the first door in Brick house on Main st., next to Jenkins' corner.

McNEELY, YOUNG, & CO.

July 11, 1865. dtf

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL, & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

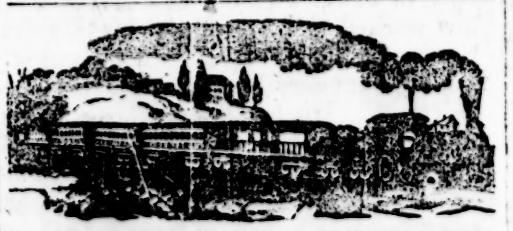
FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTON YARNS, CLOTHS, & NAVAL STORES,

121 Front St., New York.

T. J. SUMNER, Company Shops, N. C.

Robert R. Swepson, Sam'l. G. Murphy, New York City.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Dan'l. Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River, N. C. july 5-d6m



WESTERN. N. C. RAIL ROAD,

JUNE 12th, 1865.

THE persons who carried off, and have now in their possession, Iron or other property belonging to this Road, are known, and a reasonable time will be given for its return, after which those who are subject to do so will be reported to the military authorities for trial.

SAMUEL McD. TATE.
President

vf-26

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

NORTH CAROLINA ADVERTISER.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED in the City of Raleigh, an Agency for the purpose of buying and selling Real Estate is North Carolina. In connection therewith, and as auxiliary thereto, they will publish a double sheet twenty-four column weekly newspaper, wherein will be advertised free of cost, all lands offered for sale through their agency, and which will be devoted to the dissemination of information concerning the agricultural, mineral, manufacturing, and other resources of the State. By means of competent Agents in every County they will show the present advancement and special capabilities for future development of each.

It will be found on investigation, that no State in the Union presents greater advantages as North Carolina. Situated midway between the colder regions of the North and the more tropical climes of the South, its lands stretching from the sea coast to the mountains, yield bountiful returns of cotton, tobacco, rice, grain, fruits, pasturage, grapes and other products, while in its bosom lie rich mines of gold and iron, copper, lead, coal, and other minerals, its rivers afford water power sufficient for the most extensive factories, and in its forests are boundless supplies of naval stores, timber and material for tanning. Under the recent change in the system of labor it becomes the interest of proprietors to part with a portion of their real estate, and it is the object of this enterprise, through agencies in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and other chief cities, to bring these abundant resources of the State to the notice of men of energy and capital, to get together the seller and the buyer, and to aid in starting North Carolina in a career of prosperity heretofore unknown.

The ADVERTISER will be furnished free of charge to all customers, and to others at one dollar per annum. The first number will be issued by the 1st of July, or sooner, if the type and necessary material already ordered, can be procured from New York before that time. Those desirous to advertise in the first number will please communicate to the undersigned at once. Moderate commissions will be charged where sales are made,

BATTLE, HECK & CO.,
Raleigh, N. C.

KEMP P. BATTLE.
J. M. HECK.
B. P. WILLIAMSON.

June 22d, 1865. 34-1m

KEMP P. BATTLE. J. M. HECK. B. P. WILLIAMSON.

NORTH CAROLINA

Land Agency.

BATTLE, HECK & CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

Will buy, sell and lease, adjust titles of, pay taxes on, and take general care of all kinds of Real Estate, gold, copper, lead, iron and other mines, water powers &c.

Through reliable agents in every county, accurate information will be given about particular localities, tracts of lands, etc.

Will likewise undertake the collection of debts in North Carolina and elsewhere, by suit or otherwise.

Communications confidential. Commissions and charges moderate.

Raleigh June 12, 1865. je18-4

*** All paper in the State copy 4 times and send bill to Battle, Heck and Co.

TOWN ORDINANCE.

WHEREAS, WE THE COMMISSIONERS of the town of Salisbury, deem it of the utmost importance that a sufficient Police and Patrol force be organized within said town.

Therefore be it ordained, That in accordance with Sec. 22d of the charter of the town of Salisbury, an enrollment of all free white male inhabitants from the age of 18 and upwards, within the corporate limits of said town, shall take place at the Town Hall on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the 12th, 13th and 14th instants, commencing at 9 A. M., and closing at 5 P. M., each day.

Be it further ordained, That all free white male inhabitants who fail to enroll their names, within the time on the days named shall be fined the sum of Ten Dollars and be enrolled for double duty.

Be it further ordained, That the Intendant of Police and Clerk of the Board of Commissioners attend at the Town Hall, each day at the hours named to enroll the names

THOS. C. McNEELY,
C. B. C.

July 11, 1865. d3t

TO THE PEOPLE.

TO ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS A LARGE and varied assortment of Medicines, Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, &c.—in part and on hand the following articles:

Castor Oil, Sweet Oil, Indigo, Calomel, Blue Mass, Ayres' Pills, Brandreth's Pills, Copperas, Madder, Soda, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, McLane's Vermifuge, Snuff, &c., &c., &c.

At Sill's old Drug Store. JNO. H. ENNISS.
July 11, 1865. dtf

WANTED.

A good, prompt girl to attend in the house of a small family, who can come well recommended, of unquestionable moral character, may get a permanent situation with fair wages by applying at the *Banner* office.

Salisbury, July 1st 1865. d-1mo.

THE UNION BANNER.

SALISBURY, N. C., JULY 15, 1865.

J. J. STEWART. EDITOR.

WHERE ARE THE TRAITORS?

Where are the Traitors? Are they in Massachusetts, or in the South? That is now the question. The South have exhausted themselves in the war through which they have gone—they have submitted themselves [illegible]. Patiently and quietly have they not only submitted themselves to the results of emancipation, beggary, etc; that flow from the war—but they have leaped a step beyond, and are an age in advance of even their late enemies in devotion to the Union, Constitution and Flag of the United States. We are an ardent people. There is nothing lukewarm about us. We are warm lovers, or intense haters. We bare our muscles for a contest or struggle, or we extend the hand of friendship just as ardently. President Johnson knows us. He knows whom to trust and how far to trust.—He knows that the bayonets that glistened under the banners of Lee, will be foremost in following the plume of Grant, in any necessary vindication of American principles, or the Monroe doctrine, (which is indeed an American principle,) that may arise on this continent.

But whilst we are content that the sacrifices of our most noble blood was in vain in the cause for which they fought. Whilst South Carolina ploughed into ashes by the foot of the armies that caught her a lesson she easily learned though with great suffering, is willing to acquiesce in the emancipation of negroes, etc; Massachusetts, the great irritator of the American Republic, is not satisfied, and longs for more human blood and more human victims.

Chas. Sumner, in his interview with our President, asked the question of our equality with the loyal men of Massachusetts. The President answered him as becomes him the ruler of a great people. But we are not on an equality with Massachusetts;—there is a great difference between us and them. We supplied our full quota to the cause which we believed to be honest. Massachusetts supplied negroes, new importations and all sorts of people—anything that would prevent the lives of the constituency of Mr. Sumner from risking their lives in the front of battle—and yet this representation of that State demand, what?—That negroes should be admitted to a right of suffrage. Among negro worshipers; No!—but that they should be admitted to the right of suffrage here; That they should walk arm in arm with their masters and deposit their votes.

The answer of the president will be found in another column. He disposed of this question in a few words, and indignantly hushed the representation of Northern disunionism from his presence. It is now among such men as Sumner that the traitors to our Constitution and Union will be found, and not among the citizens of the South, who have from the passes of the Mississippi river to the shores of the Potomac, honestly returned to their allegiance. When the question is now asked, where are the traitors to be found?—The answer is plainly made; not amidst the Magnolias of the South, but amidst the ice of the North are they marshalling their clans. The Claymore of the South is sheathed forever, but the abolitionists are drawing their weapons for an aggressive war on the laws and constitution of our country.

Officers N. C. Rail Road.

By a report of the proceedings of the meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road held in this city on Thursday, it will be seen that our esteemed and distinguished fellow citizen Nathenial Boyden, has been elected President. This is a source of great gratification to our citizens, and will be a matter of importance to the road, who at this time certainly need the great forethought, the action, intellect and the ability of Mr. Boyden, to revive their fortune shaken by the war. Mr. Wilkes was elected Superintendent and all that it is necessary for us to know is that he was the friend and enjoyed the confidence of the lamented Fisher.

The Tone of the Christian Press.

We received a few days since from the Christian Commission's Agent a file of late religious papers—or rather papers purporting to be issued by religious Societies. On their perusal we were astounded at the development of spirit we seen therein, and we eagerly turned the paper in hopes of finding one single christian sentiment, but in vain. In all their references to our beloved section of the country, there was naught expressed save the worst unchristian feeling, and the foulest billingsgate.

They abuse our sanctuaries, they spit upon our religious belief, and by the fire of their new accursed doctrines, they seem to be anxious to light the torch of civil war. There is no one single Samaritan in the whole [illegible] these christians willing to pour [illegible] wounds of the bleeding [illegible] the contrary they plunge forward [illegible] the wormwood and gall to [illegible].

They deny among [illegible] things our right to citizenship, [illegible] deny to us, also, any truth and honor, they take into their blasphemous lips the name of Christ and God, and go to the communion consecrating and commemorating the flesh and blood of our [illegible] Savior, with hearts filled with [illegible] seeking with sectional and [illegible] proclivities. They perjure their [illegible] curse their brethren in the [illegible].

We do not expect [illegible] improvement in this matter; the [illegible] displayed in the religious press is beyond improvement, but we earnestly hope that the Christian Commission will spare us the infliction of any more of this vile trash.

A Death at College—The sad Romance of a Poor Young Man.

Cambridge Correspondence Springfield Republican

On the morning of class day the sophomore class buried one of their number, who literally died from want of the necessities of life, and that, too, right here at Harvard College. Only a year ago, fresh from a farm seventeen miles from Buffalo, New York, a raw, green lad of twenty-two applied for admission to the sophomore class. His awkward manner and uncouth bearing won for him the name of "Greeny." Only last week was he missed from recitation, and way up in a little ten by twenty attic room of a rickety old boarding house somebody said he was dying of typhoid fever. Ex-President Peabody, the good Samartian of Harvard, heard of his distress, and repairing to his room, found the poor boy really in the arms of death. For a year had his only food been bread and water, and sometimes a little milk and often one meal a day sufficed. His room was small and poorly ventilated, and by the feeble light of an old oil lamp had the poor fellow worked eighteen out of twenty-four hours each day. These facts quickly coming out everything that could be done was done. His last hours were made as comfortable as a sympathizing and conscience-stricken neighborhood could make them. His brokenhearted mother came to carry her son s body home, and she must have been overjoyed to learn what would have only a little before given her son so much happiness to have known that he was the first scholar in his class, and to receive the first scholarship, which yields a cozy little income of three hundred dollars per year. But it was too late; his pride would never allow him to complain; his ambition continually spurred on. We recollect him passing every day; he never looked up; we all can recall his hurried walk, his sad countenance, his pale lamp always feebly twinkling at midnight, his running round the corner with a loaf of bread under his arm, his going out in the severest storms without umbrella or overcoat. But it is all over now.

GENERAL NEWS.

A party of colored persons left Fortress Monroe to celebrate the Fourth at Smithfield, but were refused a landing by the denizens of that locality whereupon a disturbance ensued, in which one of the accompanying guard was shot, and Rogers Seagle of Norfolk wounded.

Advices from Spain state that before the news of the raising of the blockade reached there the Government revoked its recognition of the rebels as belligerents.

The latest from Texas states that the transition from war to peace is proceeding quietly and orderly.

Between 2,000 and 3,000 bales of cotton are awaiting shipment at Houston.

Texas is overstocked with goods at less than New Orleans prices.

Gov. Clark of Mississippi, has been [illegible] to Fort Pulaski.

The work on the Pacific Railroad is [illegible] rapidly. The road will be completed [illegible] 25 miles west of Lawrence, by the 1st of November.

Judge Campbell of Alabama, Alfred Rhett, of South Carolina, and S. R. Mallory of Florida, are among the recent applicants for pardons.

The number of rebels who have taken the oath of allegiance at the Provost Marshal's office in department of Tennessee since June 9,000.

It is said that in the specifications against Ferguson, the Tennessee guerilla, are charged nearly one hundred cases of murder with his hands.

J. B. McFerrin, D. D., the well-known agent of the M. E. Church South, and one of the most prominent Methodist Episcopal preachers in the South-west, has received a pardon and amnesty.

Trenholm, rebel secretary of the treasury, arrested a short time since, has been released in accordance with instructions from Washington, and has gone to Charleston.

A Fortress Monroe letter srys that Clem C. Clay was taken from his casemate, and accompanied by the officer of the guard and two soldiers, allowed to promenade the broad and shaded grounds within the walls of the fort.

Mad dogs are beginning to have their day. In Quincy, Illinois, one ferocious canine bit nine persons, severely lacerating several of them. One of the unfortunates was a soldier who had just been discharged, after a service of three years.

The safe of a Mississippi steamboat, on her way to New Orleans, the Alabama, was robbed of $40,000 on the first inst. The passengers were searched, and the money recovered, with the exception of $17,000, which was thrown overboard. Two men, on whom suspicion rested, were taken into custody.

The proposed tariff of charges on the new Atlantic cable is, to England, twenty words or less, $100 in gold; each extra word, $5. To the continent, twenty words, $105; extra words, $5 25 each. To Asia or Africa, twenty words $125; each extra word, $6 25.

Opium-eaters are abundant in the United States—$832,323 worth of this drug, was imported during last year.

Mosby has opened a law office in Culpeper.

Gov Brownlow has arrived in Washington, and gives a good account of the affairs in Tennessee.

Gen. McClellan was at Milan at last reports.

We learn, from a source that we apprehend is reliable, says the *Whig* that Major Tom. P. Turner, late commandant of the Libby Prison; Major Geo. W. Alexander, at one time commandant of Castle Thunder, and Frederick Wiley, Adjutant of the latter post, had all safely arrived in London, England, at last accounts.

Mrs. General Gains has gone down the Mississippi river, with a retinue of lawyers, to make another effort, at New Orleans, to gain possession of the immense estate left by her father.

Mr. Lincoln's autographs have become very scarce.

Baureau, the man who murdered a woman and child, and nearly killed another child and girl, near Montreal, is suffering the terrors of a guilty conscience. His nights are troubled with horrible visions. He says "I cannot close my eyes; I see constantly the bloody corpses of my victims, and the sight freezes me with fear."

It will be remembered that when the rebels made their last raid into Maryland, that the dwelling of Hon. F. P. Blair, near Washington, was sacked. Among other articles stolen by the rebels was a bracelet, highly valued as a memento, belonging to a daughter of Mr. Blair. The most strenuous efforts had been made to recover the article, but without avail. The matter was finally entrusted to Charles P. Burnett, member of the 162 New York State Volunteers, but who has been on detached service in Western Virginia for the past year, and on Sunday, the 25th, he discovered the bracelet upon the wrist of a young lady attending church in Winchester, Va. It was immediately handed to Burnett, and is now in possession of Mrs. Blair.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says in speaking of Braxton Bragg that "this old and prominent citizen of Louisiana, whose fortunes have been so varied during the late war, arrived in our city by the Mobile boat on the 27th ult. and is stopping at the St. Charles. General Bragg is in excellent health and looks as if he could "give 'em a little more grape" yet, as in the more halcyon and glorious days of the republic. *Like all the Generals* of the Confederate army he recognizes the march of events, and is only ambitious now to resume as before the war and fulfil the duties of an American citizen."

An explosion occurred at Barnum's Museum on [illegible] which completely destroyed it together with the [illegible] and the whole block adjoining.

President Johnson and Cabinet lately visited Admiral Dahlgren on his Flag ship on the Potomac below Washington.

Ex Governor [illegible] has been paroled.

Andy Johnson puts His Foot Down, and Bids Mr. Sumner "Good Evening."

The Cincinnatti *Enquirer* is responsible for the following luscious bit of Washington gossip:

A friend at Washington assures us that a few weeks since an interview took place between President Johnson and Senator Sumner, which was substantially as follows:

"Good evening, Mr. President," said Senator Sumner, last week upon entering the President's room in the White House.

"Good evening, Mr. Senator," replied the President.

"Please be seated a moment until I finish a letter to an old friend.

The letter being finished, the President turned to Mr. Sumner, when the latter said:

Mr. President, I have called upon you for the purpose of expressing to you the views of our people on the subject of reconstruction."

"Well, sir," replied the President.

Mr. Sumner commenced by saying, "Sir, your North Carolina proclamation does not meet the approbation of the people, and they will not submit to have the great results of the war thus thrown away."

"What people are you representing, sir?" asked Mr. Johnson.

"The whole Northern people," said Mr. Sumner.

"I apprehend you will find you represent a small portion of the Northern people," replied Mr. Johnson.

"Then, said Sumner, "we must take your North Carolina proclamation as an indication of your policy, must we?

"Yes, sir," replied the president.

"Then, sir," said Sumner, "you do not intend to enfranchise the black man?"

"I have nothing to do with the subject; that exclusively belongs to the States. You certainly would think it a usurpation on my part if I attempted to interfere in fixing the qualifications of electors in Massachusetts."

"But," replied Sumner, "Massachusetts has always been a loyal State."

"That may be," replied the President, "but the loyal men of the South have made untold sacrifices for their Union sentiments, while Massachusetts has made hundreds of millions out of her loyalty; and it would be a poor return for Southern adherence to the government if the latter should, in violation of the constitution, thrust upon them local laws in opposition to their wishes."

At this reply of the President, Mr. Sumner became impatient and irritable, and rejoined by saying, "I am sorry to see you evincing so little sympathy with that element that placed you in power."

At this the color flashed to the President's face, and he added emphatically, "You and I might as well understand each other now as any other time. You

are aware, sir, I have no respect for a secessionist; I still have a greater detestation and contempt for a fanatic."

"Good evening," said Sumner, and left in a huff.

LOCAL.

Look Out for the Printer's Devil or his Representative.

Many of our advertising customers, by special indulgence, owe us for advertisements. We shall call on them to-day, and shall expect each and all to be ready to make settlement.

Those who have advertisements now in the paper marked till forbidden, must designate the length of time which they desire to have them inserted, and pay accordingly.

We need money, and are compelled to have it. We cannot work for nothing. Every thing we get, or have done, we have to pay the cash for it at once. We have been using the scraps of paper about our office. These will soon be out and we must have a new supply. We have indulged our customers from time to time; we do not believe they are willing to see this state of affairs continue.

Our books already show a sufficient amount due us to enable us to get along smoothly and without continually making us feel pinched for the want of means to carry on business; but our patrons seem to think that we can carry on without money. Hence we call upon our friends and patrons to do us the kindness to pay us, at least, what is due us.

A MALE SCHOOL.

Leonidas Brown of our city proposes to open a male school, and we wish him much success. Mr. Brown is, in every way, qualified to conduct a school in an acceptable manner, and will, no doubt, give entire satisfaction. Let our citizens give him a fair chance. There are many boys here and in the vicinity growing up in ignorance and idleness who should be going to school. Mr. Brown proposes to instruct them and improve their morals. His terms will be moderate. Send your children to school.

THE HOSPITAL.

The Hospital at this post was closed yesterday. The sick were sent to Greensboro where a post hospital has been established. Neither Union nor Confederate soldier now remains. We went to the cars and bid farewell to the last one of them yesterday morning. But one "Rebel" was sent off—Smith Gruber. He was in good spirits and our most earnest wish is that he and the others may reach their homes in safety.

Meeting of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad.

The Meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad held at the Court House in this city on Thursday last was largely attended. The State Directors present were Messrs. Boyden, Smith, Johnson, Brown, Swepson, Dick, and Leach. The reports of Committees were received and other business of importance transacted. The question of having a National Bank connected with the road was largely agitated. The following were the officers elected:

Nathaniel Boyden, President.
Mr. Wilkes, Superintendent,
Mr. Lee, Treasurer,
Mr. Stagg, Secretary.

The following board of Directors on the part of the Stockholders were elected: Thos. Webb, C. P. Mendenhall, D. A. Davis, John L. Morehead.

Departure of Col Hickey.

The 181st Ohio left yesterday for home carrying with it Lt. Colonel Hickey, late commanding this Post. Col. Hickey carried with him the best wishes of the people of Salisbury to whom he had become endeared by his kindness, magnanimity and urbanity. He is the last military commandant of Salisbury the post as a military post being abolished yesterday by an order from Genl. Schofield, and the government of affairs was turned over to the city authorities.

The 52d Pennsylvania.

The 52d Regt. Penn. Vols. under command of Col. Conyngham, Lt. Col. Hennessy left here on Thursday for home carrying with them as a trophy to deck their State Capitol, the first flag that waved over Fort Sumter after its reoccupation.

ENROLLMENT.

The process of enrollment of all able bodied citizens has been progressing under Mayor Enniss at the Town Hall the past three days. Some neglected to enroll themselves and they will have to pay a penalty of ten dollars and do double duty.

POLICING.

The work of properly policing the city is still going on and the citizens seem fully alive to the importance of the duty. This is as it should be, for cleanliness is the first law of nature.

OUR CITY.

Our city has shown many evidences of returning prosperity the few past days. Many strangers have filled the hotels, new stores have been opened; the streets have been thronged by happy people who wear on their countenances the happiness that peace has brought.

SODA WATER.

Call at Perkins & Parrow's, Cowan's Brick Row and get a glass of soda water. It is a pleasant beverage for warm weather.

Written for the Daily Union Banner.

OUR ANTHEM.

BY AN OFFICER OF THE 23d ARMY CORPS.

Hush'd is the din of war
Silent the crash of arms,
Peace reigns both near and far,
No more shall dread alarms,
Start us from peaceful sleep
To deadly fray!

Shout, shout from East to West,
Gladly from North to South,
Proclaim the land at rest.
Sound it from the cannon's mouth
No more the land shall weep
For war's array!

Triumph, our arms has crowned,
Victory at last is ours,
Let the glad news go round,
Telling all Earth's great powers
That our dear land is saved
From endless woe!

Thanks to thee, God above
That thou in thy great might,
Hast shown to us thy love,
That thou hast turned our night
Into the brightest day,
While we rejoice!

Let all our powers unite
While we loud anthems sing
That truth, not might is right,
Praising our Mighty King,
That He our land has kept
Safe in his hand;

Thus let it ever be,
While countless ages roll
Oh! keep us brave and free,
Spreading from pole to pole,
Stretching from sea to sea,
United, strong!

Hail! to the noble brave,
Who in our country's night
Sprang forth her name to save,
Impelled by conscious right.
Honor their noble worth,
Till time shall end;

Peace to the noble dead,
Nobly they fought, they died,
Freely their blood they shed,
Poured out the crimson tide,
Ne'er let their names be lost,
Their worth forgot;

Hushed be all angry strife
No more let bitter words
Threaten our country's life,
Sheathed be our swords,
Henceforth our motto be,
United, free!

Nobly our flag shall wave,
Over each land, and sea,
While kings and despots rave
Our mighty power to see;
While we in glory rise
They'll sink in gloom!
And meet their doom!

Correspondence of the "Banner."

Tone of the Christians.

MR. EDITOR:—I have recently had the privilege of reading a number of Northern religious newspapers of several denominations—Presbyterian, Methodist and Episcopalian—and were no little surprised to see that they were all discussing the question of a re-union with the churches of the South and the terms upon which that re union should be effected. But I was more surprised at the spirit of these discussions as being utterly devoid of any thing like conciliation, sympathy or respect, towards Southern churchmen. All their proceedings in Eclesiastical bodies look more like a gratuitous attempt to stigmatise and abuse Southern christians under the pretence of protecting themselves from the sin and reproach of admitting them to their communion than of any desire to see a restoration of brotherly love between us. And when I consider that these newspaper discussions and actions of Northern churches have taken place without a single application on the part of any Southern church to return to communion with them, the wonder is magnified a hundred fold. * * *

IN MEMORIAM.

Died on Sunday night the 10th inst., very suddenly, from congestion of the lungs, JUNIUS A. Fox, Esq., in the 36th year of his age.

Mr. Fox had not long been a resident among us but by his many amiable and noble traits of character he had endeared himself to all with whom he was thrown in association. His place among us will be deeply felt.

Mr. Fox was born in Mecklenburg county, and after receiving his license to practice law, removed to Georgia to pursue his profession and strengthen his failing health.

Before the war, he had returned to Charlotte, and was among the first to answer the Governor's call for troops. He remained in camp until his utterly shattered constitution imperitively demanded his discharge which was freely granted.

In August, 1864, he married the amiable and accomplished Mrs. Benbury, and entertained every hope of enjoying with his bride a long and pleasant life, but alas! when hope is highest how quickly are all our pleasant dreams dispelled. He had, however, early put his fait[illegible] God, and we have every reason to believe that he lives in the communion of the spirits of just men made perfect.—COM

THE POST OF SALISBURY DISCONTINUED.

HEAD QRS. 23D ARMY A. C.,
Salisbury, N. C., July 14, 1865.

SPECIAL ORDERS,
NO. 4.

The Post of Salisbury is hereby discontinued. Lt. Col. T. Hickey, 181st Ohio, Commanding, with all other officers connected with the post are hereby relieved and will report to their respective commands.

By command of Bvt. Brig. Gen. SCHOFIELD.
JOHN CORBIN,
Capt. & A. A. A. G.

IMPORTANT SALE OF GOVERNMENT

HORSES, MULES, WAGONS, HARNESS, &C., &C.,

At Salisbury, N. C.,

Next Thursday, July 20th.

JOHN T. POWELL,
Capt. 128th Indiana,
& A. A. Q. M. Post.

July 15th, 1865.

STIETZ & BRINGLE.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

STIETZ AND BRINGLE.

NEXT DOOR TO R. & A. MURPHY'S Old Stand, having just received a fresh lot of the following articles, viz:

Sugar and Coffee,
Green and Black Tea,
Crushed Sugar and Brown Sugar,
Smoked and salt Herring,
No. 1 and 2 Mackerell,
Candy and Rasins,
Drake's Plantation Bitters,
Claret Wine,
Prep'd. Mustard,
Pepper, Spice and Cloves,
Tobacco and Segars,
Water Buckets & Sifters,
Candy and Candles.

And every other article of Family Groceries.

PRODUCE

WANTED. We will also purchase at the highest market prices, all kinds of Country Produce.

Salisbury, July 14, '65. 12t—53

MALE SCHOOL.

I WILL OPEN A MALE SCHOOL in Salisbury, on the first of August next. For terms and particulars, apply to—

LEONIDAS BROWN.
July 14, '65 1st Aug.—53

PUBLIC SALE!

OF

CONDEMNED GOVERNMENT

STORES AT AUCTION.

IN PURSUANCE OF ORDERS Received from the Headquarters Department of NORTH CAROLINA, I will sell to the highest bidder on Monday the 17th inst., the following condemned subsistence Stores, to wit:

128 boxes (6,400 lbs.) hard bread.
3 barrels of flour.
29 boxes (290 lbs) smoked herring.

TERMS OF SALE, CASH.

Sale to take place at 11 o'clock A. M., at the brick building adjoining Howerton's Hotel.

J. F. HUBER, Capt.
and Chief C. S. 1st. Div. 23d A. C.
Salisbury, July 14, '65 tds—53

TO THE POOR.

PRESCRIPTIONS PUT UP AT HALF PRICE. Call and see

JNO. H ENNISS,
at Sill's Old Drug Store.
July 11, 1865. dtf

THE NEW YORK NEWS

DAILY and WEEKLY.

NEW YORK WEEKLY NEWS,

A GREAT FAMILY NEWSPAPER!!

BENJAMIN WOOD PROPRIETOR.

A Journal of Literature, Fashions, Markets, Financial Reports, Interesting Miscellany, and New from all parts of the World! It contains more reading matter than any other WEEKLY PAPER.

NEW IMPROVEMENTS INTTODUCED.

An Immense Circulation Determined on.

The Largest, Best and Cheapest Paper Published in New York.

Single Copies - - - -	Five Cents.
One copy, one Year - - - -	$2,00
Three copies, one year - - - -	5 50
Five copies, one year - - - -	8 75
Ten copies, one year - - - -	17 00
And an extra Copy to any Club of Ten.	
Twenty copies, one year - - -	30 00
The Weekly News is sent to Clergymen at - - - - - - - - - -	$1 60

NEW YORK DAILY NEWS.

To mail Subscribers - - - -	$10 00
Six months - - - - - - -	5 00

☞ Payments Invariably in advance.
Specimen copies of the Daily and Weekly News, sent free.
Address BENJ. WOOD.
Daily News Building, No. 19 City Hall Square New York City.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RRCEIVED & FOR SALE.

SPUN Cotton, assorted 8, 9. 10, 11, & 12.
Brown Shirting.
Spool Cotton, black and white.
Flax Thread, assorted.
Shoes, gentleman and ladies.
Hats, black and drab.
Suspenders.
Buttons, assorted.
Handkerchiefs.
Calicoes.
Ladies hose.
Gentleman's d.
Pin's.
Linen bosoms and collars.
Black Braide.
Hoop skirts.
Iron.
Nails.
Tobacco, &c., &c.

MICHAEL BROWN.
July 7, 1865. tf-47
☞ Flour always on hand. M. B.

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.,
Commission, Receiving and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
Newbern, N. C.

Having resumed business at their old stand will give strict personal attention to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval-Stores, Cotton Yarns and Sheetings, Flour, Dried Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

Also, to receiving and forwarding Goods.
Regular lines of steamers and sailing vessels are now running between Newbern, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
NEWBERN, N. C.
WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.,

Will give strict attention to the selling or leasing of every description of Real Estate. Persons in any portion of North Carolina having *Farming or Turpentine Lands, Coal Field or Oil Lands, Mineral or Ore Lands, Town or City Property* which they wish to dispense of will find it to their interest to correspond with us.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY,
NEWBERN, N. C.
WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.

Persons wishing to purchase or lease *Farming or Turpentine Lands, Mineral or Ore Lands, Coal Field or Oil Lands, Town or City Property* in any portion of North Carolina will find it their interest to correspond with us.
July 13. 1m-52

AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

The terms of Pardon—Who are to be restored to citizenship and who are to be disfranchised—Those who are excluded from the Amnesty may make special application to the President for Pardon.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whereas, the President of the United States, on the 8th day of December, A. D., 1863, and on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1864, did, with the object to suppress the existing rebellion, to induce all persons to return to their loyalty, and to restore the authority of the United States, issue proclamations offering amnesty and pardon to certain persons who had, directly, or by implication, participated in the said rebellion; and whereas many persons who had so engaged in said rebellion, have since the issuance of said proclamation, failed or neglected to take the benefits offered thereby; and whereas many persons who have been justly deprived of all claim to amnesty and pardon thereunder by reason of the re-participation, directly, or by implication, in said rebellion and continued hostility to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, now desire to apply for and obtain amnesty and pardon:

To the end therefore, that the authority of the government of the United States may be restored, and that peace order and freedom may be established, I Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do proclaim and declare that I hereby grant to all persons who have directly or indirectly participated in the existing rebellion, except as hereinafter excepted, amnesty and pardon, with restoration of all rights of property, except as to slaves, and except in cases where legal proceedings, under the laws of the United States providing for the confiscation of property of persons engaged in rebellion, have been instituted, but on the condition, nevertheless, that every such person shall take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, and thenceforth keep and maintain said oath inviolate, and which oath shall be registered for permanent preservation, and shall be of the tenor and effect following, to wit:

I, ——— ———, do solemnly swear or affirm, in presence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the existing rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves. So help me God.

The following classes of persons are excepted *from the benefits of this proclamation*:

First—All who are or shall have been pretended civil or diplomatic officers or otherwise, domestic or Foreign agents of the pretended Confederate Government.

Second—All who left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who shall have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate Government above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the U. S to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have engaged in any way in treating otherwise than lawfully as prisoners of war persons found in the U. S. service, as officers, soldiers, seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been or are absent from the U. S., for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the U. S. Naval Academy.

Ninth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States and passed beyond the federal military lines into the so-called Confederate States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high seas, and all persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath herein prescribed, are in military, naval or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military, or naval authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war or persons detained for offences of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December 8, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, or an oath of illegiance to the government of the United States since the date of said proclamation and who have not thenceforward kept and maintained the same inviolate.

Provided that special application may be made to the President for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts of the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

The Secretary of State will establish rules and regulations for administering and recording the said amnesty oath so as to insure its benefits to the people, and guard the government against fraud.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed Done at the City of Washington the 29th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1865, and of the independence of the United States the 89th.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President—Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

DENTISTRY.

H. L. Coleman D. D. S.

(Successor to Dr. W. F. Bason,)

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESsional Services to the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Dr. C. feels assured with the experience of fourteen (14) years practice he can give general satisfaction He can be found at his office, formerly occupied by Dr W. F. Bason, at all hours.

When money cannot be paid for operations on the teeth, provisions will be received; such as bacon hams, no. 1 flour, chickens, butter, eggs, &c., at market prices. my30tf

---

THE SOUTHERN

EXPRESS COMPANY.

THIS COMPANY IS NOW RECEIVING AND FORWARDING

FREIGHTS & MONEY PACKAGES

FOR ALL PARTS OF THE

UNITED STATES.

J. O. WHITE, *Agent.*

June 19. 1865. 20—dlm.

U. S. Christian Commission.

THE FACILITY FOR WRITING LETTERS is offered by the United States Christian Commission to every soldier, absent from home, whether Union or late Confederate.

The Commission also has a very large quantity of tracts on hand more than to satisfy the soldier and with pleasure will furnish them to the Sabbath School Superintendent of the city and the county.

Let fraternal feeling now reign, where so recently fratricidal hands were uplifted.

The Commission would also call the attention of any who may be interested in suffering humanity to the one hundred and fifty who are now sick in the Field Hospital near this place, of whom six are late Confederate soldiers.

The reflex effect of alleviating suffering is not only certainly good, but it is also the source of the greatest enjoyment.

No mercenary employment possesses such advantage as the giving and exercises of sympathy towards the suffering.

So here friends it is necessary to be friendly.

H. R. AUSTIN, Ag't. U. S. C. C.

DR. C. A. HENDERSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is still engaged in the practice of Medicine. Office up stairs at

HENDERSON & SCHAFER'S

Drug Store, Salisbury North Carolina.

NAILS.

I HAVE ON HAND 50 KEGS RICHMOND Nails, assorted 4, 6, 8 10, 12, which I will sell low for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

MICHAEL BROWN.

Salisbury June 15, 1865.

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE,

SALISBURY, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A Commission House in Salisbury N. C., and solicits consignments of merchandize, country produce, etc. Liberal cash advances made.

W. H. HOWERTON.

Salisbury, June 6, '65 tf—20

Newbern Times, copy 1-m.

The Daily Raleigh Progress

FOR sale at the POST OFFICE, by MOSES A. SMITH.

Salisbury, July 1, 1865. tf-42

DRUG AND APOTHECARY STORE.

HENDERSON & SCHAFER,

UP STAIRS

In DR. HENDERSON'S BRICK BUILDING, corner Main and Water Streets, have on hand a large assortment of

Pure Drugs, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS,

DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES

guaranteed pure and of the best quality. Also,

SODA, COPPERAS,

SNUFF, TOBACCO, CIGARS,

PURE BRANDY & WHISKEY

for medicinal purposes. All of which will be sold at the lowest market rates.

MEDICINES

for Physicians carefully put up.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded and put up at all hours day or night by an experienced *DRUGGIST and CHEMIST.*

Salisbury, June 1865. 28dtf

BROWN & MOCK

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 4, MURPHY'S BUILDING.

THE ATTENTION OF OUR OLD CUSTOmers and the public generally are invited to call and see us We have a small lot of goods, and shall continue to receive additional supplies, which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash and country produce.

We will also receive and sell all classes of goods and country produce consigned to us at reasonable commissions, and make prompt return of sales when goods are disposed of.

J. D. BROWN,
A. J MOCK

Salisbury, N. C., June 30, 1865. 39—dt

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

C. N. PRICE

TAKES pleasure in informing his friends and the public, that he has just received from New York, the latest fashions, and is prepared to accommodate in the latest STYLES, all who may favor him with a call.

June 5th, 1865. 6t-20

DR. M. WHITEHEAD,

OFFICE AT HIS RESIDENCE,

WHERE he can be found at all hours unless

Professionally Engaged.

Salisbury June 15, 1865.

HEAD QUARTERS,

A BIG BUSINESS.

BLACKWOOD & CO.,

WILL DO, MIND IF THEY DONT,

Having made arrangements to keep POSTED in all the markets of the

UNITED STATES,

They will be able to give any information, receive and forward goods to all points, or sell at Salisbury every species of property or produce.

AUCTIONEERING

Done in the latest and most

FANCY STYLES,

Either in town or country, ALL RIGHT, come ahead. Murpheys granite row Front Street.

BLACKWOOD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.

Salisbury, June 21, 1 mo.

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING BUSINESS.

MICHAEL BROWN,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS friends and the public that he has removed to the house formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Baker, near the Boyden House, in connection with the same he has a

SPACIOUS WARE HOUSE,

for the reception of any produce consigned to sell or forward to other markets.

MICHEAL BROWN.

Salisbury, June 14, 1865. 28-dtf

GROCERIES &c.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends in Salisbury and the surrounding country, that he has opened an establishment for the sale of

FLOUR, MEAL, BACON, TOBACCO, SNUFF, SEGARS, SHOES, FANCY SHIRTS, OSNABURGS,

and in fact every thing that is suitable to the wants of the people of Salisbury, and the counties surrounding,

HE ALSO HAS

ON hand, a fine lot of writing paper, honey &c. &c.

ALL HE ASKS, is a trial, and he feels confident he will please. Call and see him two doors below Cowan's Brick Row.

THOSE having articles for sale, will call and he will exchange or buy any thing in the produce line.

J. M. ROARK.

Salisbury, July 1st, 1865. 1 mo.

NEW FANCY STORE

Main Street next to the

HOWERTON HOUSE.

MRS. J. CARNCROSS announces to the ladies and Public of Salisbury that she has opened a store as above, containing an assortment of Millinery and other goods. Parasols, Hats, Capes, Buttons, trimmings, head dresses &c., of the latest styles and fashions. 32-tf

---

DR. NESBITT.

STILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY and Midwifery.

Salisbury N. C., June 22, 1865 tf

WANTED.

A NUMBER ONE TANNER and FINISHER, for two or three months, who can come well recommended, will be paid liberal wages. Apply at the BANNER OFFICE.

Salisbury, July 3d, 43—2w

$25 REWARD.

STOLEN on the night of the 4th of July, a red sorrel mare, 12 hands high with blaze in forehead, and a small diamond mark on the nose, will be nine years old next spring. The thief, (who is supposed to be a negro,) took an old saddle & bridle off with the mare, and was traced as far as Mocksville N. C., and is supposed to be making his way to the mountains of North Carolina. Any one returning said mare to the undersigned at Tyro, Davidson county N. C., will receive the above reward.

A. G. McBRIDE.

July 6, 1865. 5t-47